CLAIMS:

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- 1. A method of processing digital coded video data available in the form of a video stream consisting of consecutive frames divided into macroblocks, said frames including at least I-frames, independently coded, P-frames, temporally disposed between said I-frames and predicted from at least a previous I- or P-frame, and B-frames, temporally disposed between an I-frame and a P-frame, or between two P-frames, and bidirectionally predicted from at least these two frames between which they are disposed, said predictions of P- and B-frames being performed by means of a weighted prediction with unequal amount of prediction from the past and the future, said processing method comprising the steps of:
- determining for each successive macroblock of the current frame related coding parameters characterizing, if any, said weighted prediction;
- collecting said parameters for all the successive macroblocks of the current frame, for delivering statistics related to said parameters;
- analyzing said statistics for determining a change of preference for the direction of prediction;
 - detecting the occurrence of a gradual scene change in the sequence of frames each time a change of preference has been determined.
 - 2. A processing method according to claim 1, in which the analysis step is provided for comparing the number of macroblocks having the same directional preference and similar weighting against a predefined threshold derived in relation to the total number of macroblocks in the current frame.
 - 3. A processing method according to claim 2, in which an information about the location and the duration of each scene change is produced and stored in a file.
 - 4. A processing method according to anyone of claims 1 to 3, in which the syntax and semantics of the processed video stream are those of the H.264/AVC standard.
 - 5. A device for processing digital coded video data available in the form of a video stream consisting of consecutive frames divided into macroblocks, said frames including at least I-frames, independently coded, P-frames, temporally disposed between said I-frames and predicted from at least a previous I- or P-frame, and B-frames, temporally disposed between an I-frame and a P-frame, or between two P-frames, and bidirectionally predicted from at least these two frames between which they are disposed, said predictions of P- and B-frames being performed by means of a weighted prediction with unequal amount of prediction from the past and the future, said device comprising the following means:

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- determining means, provided for determining for each successive macroblock of the current frame related coding parameters characterizing, if any, said weighted prediction;

- collecting means, provided for collecting said parameters for all the successive macroblocks of the current frame, for delivering statistics related to said parameters;

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- analyzing means, provided for analyzing said statistics for determining a change of preference for the direction of prediction;
 - detecting means, provided for detecting the occurrence of a gradual scene change in the sequence of frames each time a change of preference has been determined.
- 6. A computer program product for a digital video data decoding device, comprising a set of instructions which, when loaded into said decoding device, causes said decoding device to carry out the steps of the processing method according to anyone of claims 1 to 4.